
FINANCIAL STATEMENT with
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Ashland, Kansas

We have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash of the City of Ashland, Kansas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* as described in Note A; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Those standards require we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note A, the financial statement is prepared by the City of Ashland, Kansas on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note A and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City of Ashland, Kansas as of December 31, 2019, or changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balances of the City of Ashland, Kansas as of December 31, 2019, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* described in Note A.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures-actual and budget, individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures, and summary of regulatory basis receipts and disbursements-agency funds (Schedules 1, 2, and 3, as listed in the table of contents) are presented for analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement, however are required to be presented under the provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement. information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note A.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statement of the City of Ashland, Kansas as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2019, which contained an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statement. The 2018 basic financial statement and our accompanying report are not presented herein, but are available in electronic form from the website of the Kansas Department of Administration at the following link: https://admin.ks.gov/offices/oar/municipal-services/municipal-audits. The 2018 actual column (2018 comparative information) presented in the individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2019 (Schedule 2 as listed in the table of contents) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statement. comparative information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2018 basic financial statement. The 2018 comparative information was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2018 basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2018 basic financial statement or to the 2018 basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2018 comparative information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2018, on the basis of accounting described in Note A.

Kennedy McKee & Company LLP

September 3, 2020

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES AND UNENCUMBERED CASH REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

<u>Fund</u>	Beginning unencumbered cash balance	Prior year canceled encumbrances
General fund: General	\$ 39,744	\$ -
Special purpose funds: Library Special highway Special parks and recreation Non-budgeted special purpose funds: GS little house grant Special equipment Gifts and grants CDBG housing grant George Theis, Jr. memorial Pool improvement	3,978 2,426 2,707 106 35,294 20,000 - 690 15,040	- - - - - - - - -
Capital project fund: Electric improvement	196,406	
Business funds: Water utility Electric utility Sewer utility Non-budgeted business funds: Water equipment reserve Electric reserve	111,181 100,313 6,425 25,300 131,762 374,981	- - - - -
Total - excluding agency funds	\$ 691,372	\$ -

Composition of cash balance:

Checking accounts

Petty cash

Certificates of deposit

Total cash Agency funds

Total cash - excluding agency funds

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

Receipts	Expenditures	Ending unencumbered cash balance	Add encumbrances and accounts payable	Ending cash balance
\$ 445,073	\$ 446,600	\$ 38,217	\$ 3,751	\$ 41,968
19,456 21,337 1,137	19,456 15,195 152	3,978 8,568 3,692	- - -	3,978 8,568 3,692
37,000 52,765 7,336 10	3,150 72,143 - 27 15,040	106 69,144 622 7,336 673	- - - - -	106 69,144 622 7,336 673
139,041	125,163	94,119		94,119
<u> </u>	196,406			
223,282 1,612,443 104,336	242,297 1,541,781 104,560	92,166 170,975 6,201	981 577 55	93,147 171,552 6,256
30,000 90,000	<u>-</u>	55,300 221,762	<u> </u>	55,300 221,762
2,060,061	1,888,638	546,404	1,613	548,017
\$ 2,644,175	\$ 2,656,807	\$ 678,740	\$ 5,364	\$ 684,104
				\$ 412,317 100 300,500 712,917 (28,813) \$ 684,104

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2019

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statement is presented to assist in understanding the City's financial statement. The financial statement and notes are representations of the City's management, which is responsible for their integrity and objectivity.

1. Municipal Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Ashland is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and five-member council. This regulatory financial statement does not include the Ashland City Library or the Ashland, Kansas Public Building Commission, related municipal entities. A related municipal entity is an entity established to benefit the City and/or its constituents.

Ashland City Library. The Library is fiscally dependent on the City and the budget is approved by the City Council. The members of the governing board are appointed by the City Council. Acquisition or disposition of real property by the Library must be approved by the City. Bond issuances must also be approved by the City.

Ashland, Kansas Public Building Commission. The Commission was authorized by City Ordinance No. 598, pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1757 *et. seq.*, and all amendments thereto, and as amended, supplemented and limited by the City of Ashland, Kansas Charter Ordinance No. 7 establishing the composition thereof and purpose for which established.

2. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds. In governmental accounting, a fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The following types of funds comprise the financial activities of the City for the year ended December 31, 2019:

REGULATORY BASIS FUND TYPES

<u>General fund</u> – the chief operating fund. Used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Purpose funds</u> – used to account for the proceeds of specific tax levies and other specific regulatory receipt sources (other than Capital Project and tax levies for long-term debt) that are intended for specified purposes.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. <u>Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)</u>

<u>Capital Project fund</u> – used to account for the debt proceeds and other financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

<u>Business funds</u> – funds financed in whole or in part by fees charged to users of the goods or services (i.e. enterprise and internal service funds, etc.).

<u>Agency funds</u> – funds used to report assets held by the municipal reporting entity in a purely custodial capacity.

3. Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departure from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America

The Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide (KMAAG) regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis receipts and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows, other than those mentioned above.

The City has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c), waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the City to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

4. Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special purpose funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), bond and interest funds, and business funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- a. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1st.
- b. Publication in local newspaper on or before August 5th of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget.
- c. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- d. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in regulatory receipts other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication the hearing may be held, and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no such budget amendments for this year.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4. <u>Budgetary Information (Continued)</u>

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison schedules are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting, in which regulatory receipts are recognized when cash is received, and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year end.

A legal operating budget is not required for the GS Little House Grant, Special Equipment, Gifts and Grants, CDBG Housing Grant, George Theis, Jr. Memorial, and the Pool Improvement special purpose funds, capital project funds, agency funds or the utility reserve funds.

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

B. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the City. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the City's funds to have a main or branch bank in the county in which the City is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The City has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the City's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial credit risk - deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the City's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka. All deposits were legally secured at December 31, 2019.

At December 31, 2019 the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$712,817 and the bank balance was \$757,888. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$257,888 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' agents in the City's name.

C. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term liabilities for the City for the year ended December 31, 2019, were as follows:

<u>Issue</u> paid	Balance beginning of year	g end s		Interest and service fees of year	
Capital leases: Water treatment project Issued March 15, 2016 In the amount of \$142,850 At interest rate of 3.15% Maturing March 15, 2021	\$ 88,354	\$ -	\$ 28,543	\$ 59,811	\$ 2,783
Electrical expansion project Issued July 27, 2018 In the amount of \$720,000 At interest rate of 2.75% Maturing September 1, 2025	720,000	-	93,027	626,973	21,753
Bucket truck Issued March 14, 2019 In the amount of 90,000 At the interest rate of 2.74% Maturing March 1, 2025		90,000		90,000	
Total long-term debt	<u>\$ 808,354</u>	<u>\$ 90,000</u>	<u>\$ 121,570</u>	<u>\$ 776,784</u>	<u>\$ 24,536</u>

Current maturities of long-term debt and interest through maturity are as follows:

		Principal due	erest and vice fees due	Total due
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	\$	141,596 145,526 118,323 121,575 124,916 124,848	\$ 21,511 17,582 13,460 10,207 6,866 3,432	\$ 163,107 163,108 131,783 131,782 131,782 128,280
Total	<u>\$</u>	776,784	\$ 73,058	\$ 849,842

D. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Operating transfers were as follows:

<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	<u>Amou</u>	<u>ınt</u>	Statı <u>auth</u>	
Electric utility Water utility Sewer utility Electric utility Water utility Electric utility Sewer utility Water utility	General General General Electric reserve Water equipment reserve Special equipment Special equipment Special equipment	90,0 30,0 17,0 12,0	000 000 000	K.S.A. 7 K.S.A. 7 K.S.A. 7	12-825d 12-825d 12-825d 12-825d 12-825d

\$ 297,000

E. OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS FROM OPERATIONS

Other post-employment benefits. As provided by K.S.A. 12-5040, the City allows retirees to participate in the group health insurance plan. While each retiree pays the full amount of the applicable premium, conceptually, the City is subsidizing the retirees because each participant is charged a level of premium regardless of age. However, the cost of this subsidy has not been quantified in this financial statement.

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the City makes health care benefits available to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. The premium is paid in full by the insured.

Death and disability other post-employment benefits. As provided by K.S.A. 74-4927, disabled members in KPERS receive long-term disability benefits and life insurance benefits. The plan is administered through a trust held by KPERS that is funded to pay annual benefit payments. The employer contribution rate is set at 1% for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Vacation leave. Ten working days per year are allowed as vacation leave to regular full time City employees after one year of service. This increases to fifteen vacation days after ten years of service. If not used by year-end, these days are lost.

Sick leave. Sick leave for regular full-time employees is earned at a rate of four hours per month and may accrue up to a maximum of 360 hours. Unused sick leave will not be paid upon termination or resignation.

Section 457 deferred compensation plan. The City offers a Section 457 deferred compensation plan to all employees on a voluntary basis. The City does not contribute to the plan.

F. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan description. The City participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et seq. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the KPERS website at www.kpers.org or by writing to KPERS (611 South Kansas, Suite 100; Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

Contributions. K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2 or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 members. Member contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

F. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate (not including the 1% contribution rate for the Death and Disability Program) and the statutory contribution rate was 8.89% for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$37,476 for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Net Pension Liability

At December 31, 2019, the City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability reported by KPERS was \$287,705. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2019. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the City's contributions to KPERS, relative to the total employer and non-employer contributions of the Local subgroup within KPERS. Since the KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting does not recognize long-term debt, this liability is not reported in this financial statement.

The complete actuarial valuation report including all actuarial assumptions and methods, and the report on the allocation of the KPERS collective net pension liability to all participating employers are publicly available on the website at www.kpers.org or can be obtained as described above.

G. PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION REVENUE BONDS

In October 2015, the City of Ashland, Kansas (City) and the City of Ashland Public Building Commission (PBC) entered into agreements to issue \$9,000,000 of Ashland, Kansas, Public Building Commission Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 to pay a portion of the costs to construct, furnish and equip a new hospital facility and improvements in an amount not to exceed \$15,100,000. In June 2016, the City and PBC entered into agreements to issue another \$5,510,000 of Ashland, Kansas, Public Building Commission Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 to pay a portion of the costs to construct, furnish and equip a new hospital facility and improvements. The new facility will be constructed on a new site owned by the Ashland Hospital District No. 3 (District). In connection with this agreement, the District transferred title to its facility to the PBC. Under the terms of the agreement, the City leased the facility from the PBC and then subleased it to the District. The sublease agreement with the City requires the District to pay basic rent to the bond trustee equal to the principal and interest on the Bonds as they come due. The District's obligation to make basic rent payments under the sublease is further secured by a pledge of its revenues. Upon retirement of the Bonds, the District will assume title and ownership of the facility. Accordingly, the leased property and bond indebtedness has been included in the financial statements of the District and not the City.

H. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The City paid approximately \$65,590 in insurance premiums during the year to an insurance company of which the Mayor is an officer.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; natural disasters; and medical needs of employees. The City purchases commercial insurance to cover health, property, liability, and worker's compensation claims. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

J. CAPITAL PROJECTS

Capital project authorizations with approved change orders compared with cash disbursements and accounts payable from inception are as follows:

	Project <u>authorization</u>	
Electrical expansion *CCLIP surface preservation	\$ 873,647 <u>553,076</u>	\$ 873,647 51,471
	<u>\$ 1,426,723</u>	<u>\$ 925,118</u>

^{*}This project was included in the Kansas Department of Transportation fiscal year 2020 City Connecting Link Improvement Program. The State's participation in this project will be \$523,076 for the engineering and construction costs with the City responsible for the non-participating costs of \$30,000.

K. CONTINGENCIES

The City receives Federal and State Grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by Federal and State agencies. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the appropriate agency. In the opinion of City management, such disallowances, if any, would be insignificant.

L. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through September 3, 2020, the date on which the financial statement was available to be used. Management's evaluation concluded that the following subsequent events are required to be recognized or disclosed in these financial statements:

On February 10, 2020, the City approved the Community Development Block Grant through the State of Kansas Department of Commerce in the amount of \$421,303 to put in a new water well and replace some existing water lines. In addition to the grant funds, the City shall provide \$421,303 in other sources of funds for the project. These other funds will be provided through the Kansas Public Water Supply Loan Fund.

L. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

On February 26, 2020, the City received notice that the Ashland Downtown Pedestrian Access Improvement Project was selected to receive federal funds of \$783,793 and will be included in the State's Transportation Alternatives Program. The opinion of probable cost for the project expects the total project cost to be \$1,083,501. The City's share of \$299,708 will come from funds given by an anonymous donation held at the Ashland Community Foundation.

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused business disruption through mandated and voluntary closings of businesses. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration of the pandemic. Accordingly, while management cannot quantify the financial and other impact to the City as of the date of this report, management believes that a material impact on the City's financial position and results of future operations is reasonably possible.

REGULATORY – REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Fund	Certified budget	Adjustment for Total qualifying budget budget for credits comparison		Expenditures chargeable to current year	Variance favorable (unfavorable)
General fund	\$ 468,500	\$ -	\$ 468,500	\$ 446,600	\$ 21,900
Special purpose funds:					
Library	20,000	-	20,000	19,456	544
Special highway	35,379	-	35,379	15,195	20,184
Special parks and					
recreation	2,518	-	2,518	152	2,366
Business funds:					
Water utility	245,000	-	245,000	242,297	2,703
Electric utility	1,599,478	-	1,599,478	1,541,781	57,697
Sewer utility	106,325		106,325	104,560	1,765
Total	\$ 2,477,200	\$ -	\$ 2,477,200	\$ 2,370,041	\$ 107,159

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2018)

		2019					
	2018	Actual	Budget	Variance favorable (unfavorable)			
Receipts:							
Taxes and shared revenue:							
Ad valorem property tax	\$ 167,656	\$ 170,117	\$ 170,731	\$ (614)			
Delinquent tax	15,367	11,247	925	10,322			
Motor vehicle tax	49,069	50,559	46,099	4,460			
Recreational vehicle tax	624	526	633	(107)			
16/20M truck tax	651	762	742	20			
Local alcoholic liquor	188	1,136	-	1,136			
Interconnecting links	12,804	17,083	12,750	4,333			
Licenses, fees, fines and permits:							
Franchise fees	15,051	14,605	12,000	2,605			
Fines	440	524	100	424			
Licenses and permits	600	400	450	(50)			
Charges for services:				, ,			
Cemetery	1,020	2,253	1,500	753			
Swimming pool	3,859	4,603	4,200	403			
Use of money and property:	,	,	,				
Farm income	9,955	12,387	9,000	3,387			
Airport receipts	10,721	11,944	10,000	1,944			
Miscellaneous	14,709	16,380	8,000	8,380			
Transfer from electric utility	75,000	65,000	125,000	(60,000)			
Transfer from water utility	25,000	60,000	30,000	30,000			
Transfer from sewer utility	5,000	15,000	10,000	5,000			
Neighborhood revitalization rebate	(8,593)	(9,453)	(12,035)	2,582			
Total receipts	399,121	445,073	\$ 430,095	\$ 14,978			
Expenditures:							
General government:							
General operations	103,065	106,323	\$ 152,000	\$ 45,677			
Cemetery	7,263	10,405	13,000	2,595			
Employee benefits	40,186	43,093	52,000	8,907			
Nuisance abatement	3,777	<u>-</u>	7,500	7,500			
Subtotal	154,291	159,821	224,500	64,679			

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2018)

		2019						
	2018		Actual Budget			Variance favorable (unfavorable)		
Public safety:								
Fire department	\$ 17,086	\$	10,632	\$	15,000	\$	4,368	
Highways and streets:								
Streets and alleys	201,845		212,793		177,500		(35,293)	
Spraying	-		-		1,000		1,000	
Subtotal	 201,845		212,793		178,500		(34,293)	
Culture and recreation:								
Park department	1,504		1,187		2,500		1,313	
Swimming pool	26,319		39,048		28,000		(11,048)	
Airport	 10,209		23,119		20,000		(3,119)	
Subtotal	 38,032		63,354		50,500		(12,854)	
Total expenditures	 411,254		446,600	\$	468,500	\$	21,900	
Receipts over (under) expenditures	(12,133)		(1,527)					
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year	51,877		39,744	\$	38,405	\$	1,339	
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$ 39,744	\$	38,217					

LIBRARY FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2018)

		2019							
							Variance		
							orable/		
	 2018		Actual		Budget	(unfa	avorable)		
Receipts:									
Taxes:									
Ad valorem property tax	\$ 14,059	\$	15,051	\$	15,106	\$	(55)		
Delinquent tax	1,257		935		-		935		
Motor vehicle tax	3,954		4,201		3,866		335		
Recreational vehicle tax	50		44		53		(9)		
16/20M truck tax	54		61		62		(1)		
Neighborhood revitalization rebate	 (721)		(836)		(1,065)		229		
	_		_		_				
Total receipts	18,653		19,456	\$	18,022	\$	1,434		
Expenditures:	40.050		40.450	•		•			
Library appropriation	 18,653		19,456	\$	20,000	\$	544		
Descints aven (under) even anditume									
Receipts over (under) expenditures	3,978		3,978	Ф	1 079	Ф	2 000		
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year	 3,970		3,970	\$	1,978	\$	2,000		
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$ 3,978	\$	3,978						
	 5,5.5		5,5.5						

SPECIAL HIGHWAY FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2018)

		2019					
2018		Actual		Budget		Variance favorable (unfavorable)	
\$	21,563	\$	21,337	\$	21,880	\$	(543)
	12,934		_	\$	_	\$	_
	12,903		15,195		35,379		20,184
	25,837		15,195	\$	35,379	\$	20,184
	(4,274) 6,700		6,142 2.426	\$	13.499	\$	(11,073)
\$	2,426	\$	8,568		,		(11,515)
	\$	\$ 21,563 12,934 12,903 25,837 (4,274) 6,700	\$ 21,563 \$ 12,934 12,903 25,837 (4,274) 6,700	\$ 21,563 \$ 21,337 12,934 - 12,903 15,195 25,837 15,195 (4,274) 6,142 6,700 2,426	\$ 21,563 \$ 21,337 \$ 12,934 - \$ 12,903 15,195 25,837 15,195 \$ (4,274) 6,142 6,700 2,426 \$	2018 Actual Budget \$ 21,563 \$ 21,337 \$ 21,880 12,934 - \$ - 12,903 15,195 35,379 25,837 15,195 \$ 35,379 (4,274) 6,142 \$ 13,499 (6,700) 2,426 \$ 13,499	2018 Actual Budget (un \$ 21,563 \$ 21,337 \$ 21,880 \$ 12,934 - \$ - \$ 12,903 15,195 35,379 \$ 25,837 15,195 \$ 35,379 \$ (4,274) 6,142 6,700 2,426 \$ 13,499 \$

SPECIAL PARKS AND RECREATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2018)

			2019							
	2018		Actual		Budget		Variance favorable (unfavorable			
Receipts:			_		_		_			
Local alcoholic liquor	\$	189	\$	1,137	\$		\$	1,137		
Expenditures: Culture and recreation:										
Contractual services		-		-	\$	2,518	\$	2,518		
Commodities				152				(152)		
Total expenditures				152	\$	2,518	\$	2,366		
Receipts over (under) expenditures		189		985	•	0.540	•	400		
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year		2,518		2,707	\$	2,518	\$	189		
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	2,707	\$	3,692						

NON-BUDGETED SPECIAL PURPOSE FUNDS

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	ho	little ouse rant	se Special		Gifts and grants		CDBG housing grant		George Theis, Jr. memorial		. Pool		Total
Receipts:													
Grants and donations	\$	-	\$	-	\$	52,765	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	52,765
Homeowners match		-		-		-		7,336		-	-		7,336
Interest		-		-		-		-		10	-		10
Transfer from electric utility		-		17,500		-		-		-	-		17,500
Transfer from sewer utility		-		12,000		-		-		-	-		12,000
Transfer from water utility		-	7,500		-		=		-		-		7,500
Total receipts		-		37,000		52,765		7,336		10	-		97,111
Expenditures: Contractual services				300									300
Commodities		-		2,850		-		-		- 27	-		2,877
Capital outlay		-		2,050		72,143		-		-	15,040		87,183
,											-	_	<u> </u>
Total expenditures		_		3,150		72,143				27	15,040		90,360
Receipts over (under) expenditures		-		33,850		(19,378)		7,336		(17)	(15,040)		6,751
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year		106		35,294		20,000				690	15,040		71,130
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	106	\$	69,144	\$	622	\$	7,336	\$	673	\$ -	\$	77,881

ELECTRIC IMPROVEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2018)

	2018	2019
Receipts: Capital lease proceeds	\$ 720,000	\$ -
Expenditures: Capital outlay	523,594	 196,406
Receipts over (under) expenditures Unencumbered cash, beginning of year	196,406 <u>-</u>	(196,406) 196,406
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$ 196,406	\$

WATER UTILITY FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2018)

			2019						
	2018		Actual			Budget	Variance favorable (unfavorable)		
Receipts:									
Customer charges Interest	\$	204,976 2,606	\$	218,866 4,416	\$	175,000	\$	43,866 4,416	
Total receipts		207,582		223,282	\$	175,000	\$	48,282	
Expenditures:									
Production		69,257		33,624	\$	65,000	\$	31,376	
Transmission and distribution		84,240		66,403		75,000		8,597	
General and administrative		39,423		44,770		50,000		5,230	
Transfer to water equipment reserve		-		30,000		-		(30,000)	
Transfer to general		25,000		60,000		30,000		(30,000)	
Transfer to special equipment				7,500		25,000		17,500	
Total expenditures		217,920		242,297	\$	245,000	\$	2,703	
Receipts over (under) expenditures		(10,338)		(19,015)					
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year		121,519		111,181	\$	71,518	\$	39,663	
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	111,181	\$	92,166	\$	1,518	\$	90,648	

ELECTRIC UTILITY FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2018)

		2019					
				Variance			
				favorable			
	2018	Actual	Budget	(unfavorable)			
Desciptor							
Receipts:	ф 4 <u>Г</u> О4 4 <u>Г</u> Г	Ф 4 C4O OOO	ф 4 5 40 000	ф 400.000			
Customer charges	\$ 1,504,155	\$ 1,612,093	\$ 1,510,000	\$ 102,093			
Other	3,759	350		350			
Total receipts	1,507,914	1,612,443	\$ 1,510,000	\$ 102,443			
Expenditures:							
Production	1,100,190	967,963	\$ 1,040,000	\$ 72,037			
Transmission and distribution	150,638	191,098	160,000	(31,098)			
General and administrative	86,501	95,440	100,000	4,560			
Debt service	88,922	114,780	114,478	(302)			
Transfer to general	75,000	65,000	125,000	60,000			
Transfer to special equipment	-	17,500	-	(17,500)			
Transfer to special equipment Transfer to electric reserve	_	90,000	60,000	(30,000)			
Transier to electric reserve		90,000	00,000	(30,000)			
Total expenditures	1,501,251	1,541,781	\$ 1,599,478	\$ 57,697			
Receipts over (under) expenditures	6,663	70,662					
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year	93,650	100,313	\$ 90,628	\$ 9,685			
zg or your		. 55,575	+ 00,020	+ 0,000			
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$ 100,313	\$ 170,975	\$ 1,150	\$ 169,825			

SEWER UTILITY FUND

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2018)

			2019					
								ariance vorable
		2018		Actual		Budget		avorable)
Receipts:								
Customer charges	\$	99,458	\$	99,984	\$	100,000	\$	(16)
Interest		3,040		4,352		4,000		352
Other		305						
Total receipts		102,803		104,336	\$	104,000	\$	336
Expenditures:								
Production		34,528		14,257	\$	30,000	\$	15,743
Transmission and distribution		8,296		9,419		10,000		581
General and administrative		22,021		22,559		25,000		2,441
Debt service		31,325		31,325		31,325		-
Transfer to general		5,000		15,000		10,000		(5,000)
Transfer to special equipment		-		12,000				(12,000)
Total expenditures		101,170		104,560	\$	106,325	\$	1,765
Receipts over (under) expenditures		1,633		(224)				
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year		4,792		6,425	\$	2,467	\$	3,958
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	6,425	\$	6,201	\$	142	\$	6,059

NON-BUDGETED BUSINESS FUNDS

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Water equipment reserve		Electric reserve		Total
Receipts:					
Transfer from electric utility	\$	-	\$	90,000	\$ 90,000
Transfer from water utility		30,000		-	 30,000
Total receipts		30,000		90,000	120,000
Expenditures		-		-	_
Receipts over (under) expenditures		30,000		90,000	120,000
Unencumbered cash, beginning of year		25,300		131,762	157,062
onencumbered cash, beginning of year		25,300		131,702	 101,002
Unencumbered cash, end of year	\$	55,300	\$	221,762	\$ 277,062

AGENCY FUNDS

SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS REGULATORY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Fund	eginning cash palance	F	Receipts	Disk	oursements	Ending cash balance		
Sanitation fund Customer deposits fund City sales tax	\$ 19 27,735 -	\$	122,051 6,130 108,062	\$	122,070 5,052 108,062	\$	- 28,813 -	
	\$ 27,754	\$	236,243	\$	235,184	\$	28,813	